SCIENTIFIC PAPERS OF SILESIAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT SERIES NO. 190

THE USAGE OF SMART WINDOW BLINDS IN SMART HOME

Radosław WOLNIAK^{1*}, Wies GREBSKI²

 ¹ Silesian University of Technology, Organization and Management Department, Economics and Informatics Institute; rwolniak@polsl.pl, ORCID: 0000-0003-0317-9811
² Penn State Hazletonne, Pennsylvania State University; wxg3@psu.edu, ORCID: 0000-0002-4684-7608

* Correspondence author

Purpose: The purpose of this publication is to present the usage of smart window blinds in smart homes.

Design/methodology/approach: Critical literature analysis. Analysis of international literature from main databases and polish literature and legal acts connecting with researched topic.

Findings: The integration of smart window blinds into the realm of smart homes signifies a significant technological advancement, elevating traditional window treatments to sophisticated components that redefine the modern living space. The fusion of automation and connectivity within smart window blinds yields a plethora of benefits, turning homes into intelligent and responsive environments. The seamless incorporation of these blinds into various smart home ecosystems grants users unprecedented control over natural light, privacy, and energy consumption. Automated features, including scheduled programming and sensorbased adjustments, introduce unparalleled convenience by eliminating the need for constant manual intervention. Energy efficiency takes center stage as the blinds intelligently regulate sunlight, contributing to effective temperature control and reducing reliance on heating and cooling systems. Privacy and security concerns are effectively addressed through customizable settings, while safety features cater to households with children and pets. The integration with smart lighting systems enhances overall ambiance, creating a cohesive and aesthetically pleasing living space. Data-driven insights into energy consumption patterns empower homeowners to make informed decisions, fostering a more conscious and efficient approach to home management. Despite challenges, such as initial costs and technological dependencies, the transformative evolution of smart window blinds positions them as a testament to the seamless integration of intelligence and automation, shaping connected, efficient, and responsive living environments for homeowners.

Originality/Value: Detailed analysis of all subjects related to the problems connected with the usage of smart window blinds in smart home.

Keywords: Smart City, energy efficiency, smart home, smart house, digitalization, smart window blinds.

Category of the paper: literature review.

1. Introduction

The integration of smart window blinds into the realm of smart homes has emerged as a significant advancement, transforming traditional window treatments into technologically sophisticated components. Smart window blinds leverage automation and connectivity to enhance convenience, energy efficiency, and overall home management. This innovative solution goes beyond mere aesthetics, offering a range of benefits that contribute to a more intelligent and responsive living environment.

One of the primary advantages of smart window blinds lies in their ability to seamlessly integrate with various smart home ecosystems. These blinds can be easily connected to central home automation systems, allowing users to control them remotely through dedicated applications or voice commands. This connectivity fosters a holistic approach to managing the home environment, offering users unprecedented control over natural light, privacy, and energy consumption (Olabode et al., 2023).

The purpose of this publication is to present the usage of smart window blinds in smart home.

2. Smart window blinds in smart home

The automated functionality of smart window blinds brings about a new level of convenience for homeowners. Through scheduled programming or sensor-based automation, these blinds can adjust themselves based on factors such as time of day, weather conditions, or even the user's preferences (Dhaou, 2023). This hands-free operation eliminates the need for manual adjustments and ensures that the blinds respond dynamically to the changing environment, creating an optimal living space (Chen et al., 2023).

Energy efficiency is a key focal point in the deployment of smart window blinds. By intelligently regulating the amount of sunlight entering a room, these blinds contribute to effective temperature control. During hot summer days, the blinds can automatically tilt to block out excessive sunlight, reducing the need for air conditioning and consequently lowering energy consumption. Conversely, in colder seasons, the blinds can be programmed to maximize sunlight penetration, harnessing natural warmth and minimizing reliance on heating systems (Gajdzik et al., 2023; Jonek-Kowalska, Wolniak, 2021, 2022).

Privacy and security are paramount concerns for homeowners, and smart window blinds address these by offering customizable settings for different times of the day or night. Residents can remotely adjust the blinds to create a secure and private atmosphere, deterring potential intruders while maintaining a comfortable living environment. This level of control enhances the overall safety and peace of mind within the smart home ecosystem (Patheja et al., 2023).

Additionally, the integration of sensors in smart window blinds allows them to respond to environmental changes in real-time (Valencia-Arias et al., 2023). For instance, the blinds can be programmed to close automatically during inclement weather to protect the interior from rain or snow. This responsiveness adds an extra layer of protection to the home, safeguarding it against potential weather-related damages (Tong et al., 2023).

In conclusion, the incorporation of smart window blinds into smart homes signifies a leap forward in home automation technology. Beyond their aesthetic appeal, these blinds offer a myriad of practical benefits, from enhanced convenience and energy efficiency to increased privacy and security. As technology continues to evolve, smart window blinds stand as a testament to the seamless integration of intelligence and automation, shaping a more connected, efficient, and responsive living environment for homeowners (Ameur et al., 2023; Basarir-Ozel et al., 2023).

Table 1 contains descriptions of key features of smart window blinds usage.

Key Features of window blind usage	Description	
Automation and Remote Control	Smart window blinds can be automated and controlled remotely through dedicated applications or voice commands, allowing users to adjust them without manual intervention. This feature enhances convenience and accessibility.	
Integration with Smart Home Ecosystems	These blinds seamlessly integrate with various smart home ecosystems, enabling users to incorporate them into centralized home automation systems. This integration promotes a cohesive and interconnected smart home environment.	
Scheduled Programming	Users can program the blinds to operate on a schedule, adjusting themselves based on specific times of the day or night. This feature eliminates the need for constant manual adjustments and ensures optimal use of natural light.	
Sensor-Based Automation	Smart window blinds can respond to environmental changes through sensors. For example, they can adjust based on factors such as sunlight intensity, weather conditions, or temperature, providing real-time adaptability.	
Energy Efficiency	By regulating sunlight and temperature, smart window blinds contribute to energy efficiency. They can automatically block out excessive sunlight during hot days, reducing the need for air conditioning, and maximize sunlight penetration in colder seasons to minimize heating requirements.	
Privacy and Security Settings	Users can customize privacy and security settings for different times of the day or night. This feature enhances security by deterring potential intruders and ensures privacy when needed, contributing to a safe and comfortable living environment.	
Real-Time Responsiveness	The inclusion of sensors enables smart window blinds to respond in real-time to environmental changes, such as closing automatically during inclement weather. This feature adds an extra layer of protection to the home, safeguarding it against potential damages.	
Voice Control Integration	Smart window blinds often support voice control, allowing users to adjust them using popular virtual assistants like Amazon Alexa or Google Assistant. This hands-free control further enhances the user experience and accessibility.	
App-Based Customization	Dedicated applications enable users to customize various settings, such as blind tilt, height, and scheduling. This level of personalization ensures that the blinds cater to individual preferences and specific room requirements.	

Table 1.

Key features	of	smart	window	blinds	usage	
						_

Energy Monitoring and Reporting	Some smart window blinds come equipped with energy monitoring features, providing users with insights into their energy consumption patterns. This data empowers homeowners to make informed decisions about energy usage.	
Integration with Weather Forecasts	By integrating with weather forecasts, smart window blinds can proactively adjust based on predicted weather conditions. This feature anticipates changes and ensures that the blinds respond accordingly to maintain comfort and protection.	
Child and Pet Safety Features	Smart window blinds often include safety features, such as cordless designs or motorized mechanisms, to prevent accidents involving children or pets. This prioritizes the well-being of household members.	
Adaptive Learning Algorithms	Some advanced smart window blinds leverage adaptive learning algorithms to understand user preferences over time. The blinds can then autonomously adjust based on historical data, optimizing their operation to suit user habits.	
Integration with Smart Lighting	Integration with smart lighting systems allows for synchronized control. Smart window blinds can work in tandem with smart lights, creating harmonized lighting conditions that enhance the overall ambiance of the room.	
Manual Override and Manual Control	Despite the automation, smart window blinds typically offer manual override options. Users can manually adjust the blinds when needed, providing flexibility and control in situations where manual intervention is preferred.	

Cont. table 1

Source: (Gøthesen et al., 2023; Alsaedi et al., 2023; Chaudhari et al., 2023; Huda et al., 2024; Husain et al., 2023; Rhode et al., 2023; Basarir-Ozel et al., 2023; Tong et al., 2023; Chen et al., 2023; Douha et al., 2023; Sobhani et al., 2023).

3. The advantages and problems of using smart window blinds

The utilization of smart window blinds in modern homes presents a multitude of advantages that extend beyond mere aesthetic enhancements. One of the primary benefits lies in the realm of energy efficiency, as these blinds are equipped to intelligently regulate natural light ingress. By automatically adjusting themselves based on environmental conditions, smart window blinds contribute significantly to energy conservation, reducing the reliance on heating and cooling systems and subsequently lowering utility costs. In terms of convenience and automation, the integration of smart window blinds allows for effortless control (Huda et al., 2024). Through remote operation via dedicated applications or voice commands, users can seamlessly adjust the blinds, eliminating the need for manual intervention and enhancing the overall ease of daily living (Douha et al., 2023). The customization and personalization options afforded by these blinds further enhance their appeal, enabling users to tailor settings to suit individual preferences for tilt, height, and scheduling, ensuring a harmonious fit with the unique requirements of each room (Chaudhari et al., 2023).

Privacy and security are paramount concerns for homeowners, and smart window blinds address these by offering scheduled adjustments that not only deter potential intruders but also provide a convenient means of maintaining privacy. Real-time responsiveness, facilitated by sensors integrated into the blinds, ensures adaptive reactions to sudden changes in environmental conditions, adding an extra layer of protection to the home (Ramanujam et al., 2024). The seamless integration of smart window blinds into broader smart home systems fosters a holistic home automation experience. This interconnectedness allows users to manage these blinds alongside other smart devices, creating a unified and cohesive environment (Alsaedi et al., 2023).

Safety features are another noteworthy advantage, with many smart window blinds designed to prioritize the well-being of household members (Raff et al., 2024). Cordless designs and motorized mechanisms reduce potential hazards, particularly for children and pets. Furthermore, the integration of smart window blinds with smart lighting systems enhances the overall ambiance of a room. Synchronized control between blinds and lights creates a cohesive atmosphere, contributing to a more comfortable and aesthetically pleasing living space (Wu et al., 2023).

Lastly, some smart window blinds offer data-driven insights into energy consumption patterns. This information empowers homeowners to make informed decisions about energy usage, fostering a more conscious and efficient approach to home management. In conclusion, the adoption of smart window blinds goes beyond convenience and aesthetics, presenting a comprehensive solution that addresses energy efficiency, security, customization, and overall home automation (Sobhani et al., 2023).

Table 2 highlighting the advantages of using smart window blinds in smart home.

Table 2.

Advantage	Description		
Energy Efficiency	Smart window blinds contribute to energy efficiency by automatically regulating the amount of sunlight entering a room. This helps in reducing reliance on heating and appling systems, leading to lower energy consumption and will'ty costs.		
	and cooling systems, leading to lower energy consumption and utility costs.		
Convenience and Automation	The automation and remote control capabilities of smart window blinds add a high level of convenience to daily life. Users can effortlessly adjust the blinds with the touch of a button or through voice commands, eliminating the need for manual operation.		
Customization and Personalization	Smart window blinds offer extensive customization options, allowing users to tailor settings such as tilt, height, and scheduling according to individual preferences. This level of personalization ensures that the blinds align with the specific needs of each room.		
Improved Privacy and Security	With the ability to set privacy and security schedules, smart window blinds enhance home security by creating a deterrent for potential intruders. They also offer a convenient way to maintain privacy by automatically adjusting based on the time of day or night.		
Real-Time Responsiveness	Equipped with sensors, smart window blinds respond in real-time to environmental changes. Whether it's adjusting to sudden changes in sunlight intensity or closing during inclement weather, this responsiveness adds an extra layer of protection to the home.		
Integration with Smart Home Systems	tion with Smart Systems Smart window blinds seamlessly integrate with broader smart home ecosystems, allowing users to manage them alongside other smart devices. This integration creates a unified and interconnected home automation experience.		
Safety Features	Many smart window blinds incorporate safety features such as cordless designs or motorized mechanisms, reducing potential hazards for children and pets. These safety measures prioritize the well-being of household members		

Advantages of using smart window blinds

Cont. table 2.			
Enhanced Ambiance	Integration with smart lighting systems enables synchronized control, creating		
with Lighting	a cohesive ambiance. Smart window blinds can adjust in tandem with smart		
Integration	lights, enhancing the overall atmosphere of a room.		
Data-Driven Insights	ta-Driven Insights Some smart window blinds offer energy monitoring features, providing users with valuable insights into their energy consumption patterns. This data empowers homeowners to make informed decisions about energy usage and efficiency.		

Source: (Gøthesen et al., 2023; Alsaedi et al., 2023; Chaudhari et al., 2023; Huda et al., 2024; Husain et al., 2023; Rhode et al., 2023; Basarir-Ozel et al., 2023; Tong et al., 2023; Chen et al., 2023; Douha et al., 2023; Sobhani et al., 2023).

Table 3 highlighting some of the common problems and challenges associated with the problems of using smart window blinds in smart homes.

Table 3.

Problems of using smart window blinds

Problem	Description	Methods of Overcoming
Initial Cost	The upfront cost of acquiring and installing smart window blinds can be higher compared to traditional blinds. This initial investment may pose a financial barrier for some homeowners.	Consider exploring budget-friendly options, waiting for sales or discounts, or gradually implementing smart blinds in specific rooms rather than the entire house. As technology advances, costs may decrease over time.
Dependence on Technology	Smart window blinds rely on technology for operation, and in the event of a technological malfunction, power outage, or connectivity issues, manual operation may be compromised.	Ensure the blinds have a manual override option for situations where technology may fail. Additionally, investing in reliable backup power sources, such as uninterruptible power supplies (UPS), can mitigate issues during power outages.
Compatibility Challenges	Compatibility issues may arise when integrating smart window blinds with existing home automation systems or when using blinds from different manufacturers. Incompatibility can lead to functionality limitations.	Prioritize selecting smart blinds that are compatible with your existing smart home ecosystem. Choose products from reputable manufacturers that adhere to widely accepted communication standards, such as Zigbee or Z-Wave, to ensure seamless integration.
Maintenance and Upkeep	Smart window blinds, like any technology, may require regular maintenance, software updates, or troubleshooting. Failure to address maintenance needs can result in decreased performance or malfunction.	Stay informed about software updates provided by the manufacturer and perform regular checks on the blinds. Opt for products with a user-friendly interface and reliable customer support for assistance in case of issues.
Limited Design Options	The selection of smart window blinds may be limited compared to traditional blinds, especially in terms of design, colors, and materials. This limitation may impact the aesthetic choices available to homeowners.	Research and choose smart blinds from manufacturers that prioritize a diverse range of design options. Alternatively, consider integrating smart blind systems with traditional blinds for greater design flexibility.
Privacy and Security Concerns	As with any connected device, smart window blinds pose potential privacy and security risks if not adequately secured. Unauthorized access to the blinds' controls could compromise the privacy of the occupants.	Implement strong, unique passwords for smart home devices, enable two-factor authentication when available, and regularly update device passwords. Regularly review and update the security settings on the connected smart home hub to enhance overall security.

	Some users may find the transition to	Manufacturers should provide comprehensive
	operating smart window blinds less	user manuals and support materials.
Learning Curve	intuitive, especially if they are not	Additionally, offering user-friendly mobile
for Users	familiar with smart home technology.	applications with intuitive interfaces and
	The learning curve may impact the	providing customer support can help users
	overall user experience.	adapt more easily to the technology.

Cont. table 3.

Source: (Gøthesen et al., 2023; Alsaedi et al., 2023; Chaudhari et al., 2023; Huda et al., 2024; Husain et al., 2023; Rhode et al., 2023; Basarir-Ozel et al., 2023; Tong et al., 2023; Chen et al., 2023; Douha et al., 2023; Sobhani et al., 2023).

4. Conclusion

In conclusion, the integration of smart window blinds into the domain of smart homes represents a notable technological leap, transcending traditional window treatments into sophisticated components. The marriage of automation and connectivity in smart window blinds offers a myriad of advantages, transforming homes into intelligent and responsive environments.

The seamless integration of smart window blinds with various smart home ecosystems allows for unprecedented control over natural light, privacy, and energy consumption. The automated features, such as scheduled programming and sensor-based adjustments, introduce a new level of convenience for homeowners, eliminating the need for constant manual intervention. Energy efficiency takes center stage as these blinds intelligently regulate sunlight, contributing to effective temperature control and reducing reliance on heating and cooling systems.

Privacy and security concerns are effectively addressed through customizable settings, allowing residents to create a secure and private atmosphere at different times of the day or night. The inclusion of sensors ensures real-time responsiveness, adding an extra layer of protection against environmental changes.

The advantages of smart window blinds extend beyond functionality, encompassing safety features for households with children and pets. Furthermore, the integration with smart lighting systems enhances the overall ambiance of a room, creating a cohesive and aesthetically pleasing living space. The provision of data-driven insights into energy consumption patterns empowers homeowners to make informed decisions, promoting a more conscious and efficient approach to home management.

While the benefits are compelling, it's essential to acknowledge the challenges associated with smart window blinds. The initial cost may be a barrier for some homeowners, but this can be mitigated by exploring budget-friendly options or gradually implementing smart blinds in specific rooms. Dependence on technology poses a risk in case of malfunctions or power outages, emphasizing the importance of manual override options and backup power sources.

Compatibility challenges can be addressed by selecting smart blinds that adhere to widely accepted communication standards. Regular maintenance and software updates are crucial for optimal performance, and the learning curve for users can be eased through comprehensive user manuals and user-friendly interfaces provided by manufacturers.

The usage of smart window blinds in smart homes represents a transformative evolution in home automation. Despite challenges, the numerous advantages, ranging from energy efficiency to enhanced security and ambiance, position smart window blinds as a testament to the seamless integration of intelligence and automation in shaping connected, efficient, and responsive living environments for homeowners.

References

- Afroz, A., Khamari, S.S., Behera, R.K. (2024). Solar Powered Smart Home Automation and Smart Health Monitoring with IoT. *Lecture Notes in Networks and Systems*, 728. LNNS, 169–182.
- Alsaedi, M.K., Riccio, R.E., Sharma, A., Romero, L.M., Sonkusale, S. (2023). Smart sensing flexible sutures for glucose monitoring in house sparrows. *The Analyst*, 148(22), 5714–5723.
- Ameur, A., Berrada, A., Emrani, A. (2023). Intelligent energy management system for smart home with grid-connected hybrid photovoltaic/gravity energy storage system. *Journal of Energy Storage*, 72, 108525.
- 4. Basarir-Ozel, B., Nasir, V.A., Turker, H.B. (2023). Determinants of smart home adoption and differences across technology readiness segments. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*, *197*, 122924.
- Chaudhari, R.R., Joshi, K.K., Joshi, N., Pandey, A.K. (2023). Smart and ecofriendly intelligent house based on iot and simulation using a Cisco networking simulator, Intelligent Sensor Node-Based Systems: Applications in Engineering and Science, 259– 273.
- Chen, H., Zhang, Y., Wang, L. (2023). A study on the quality evaluation index system of smart home care for older adults in the community ——based on Delphi and AHP. *BMC Public Health*, 23(1), 411.
- 7. Dhaou, I.B. (2023). Design and Implementation of an Internet-of-Things-Enabled Smart Meter and Smart Plug for Home-Energy-Management System. *Electronics*, *12*(*19*), 4041.
- Douha, N.Y.-R., Renaud, K., Taenaka, Y., Kadobayashi, Y. (2023). Smart home cybersecurity awareness and behavioral incentives. *Information and Computer Security*, 31(5), 545–575.

- 9. Gajdzik, B., Wolniak, R., Nagaj, R., Grebski, W., Romanyshyn, T. (2023). Barriers to Renewable Energy Source (RES) Installations as Determinants of Energy Consumption in EU Countries. *Energies*, *16*(*21*), 7364.
- Gøthesen, S., Haddara, M., Kumar, K.N. (2023). Empowering homes with intelligence: An investigation of smart home technology adoption and usage. *Internet of Things* (*Netherlands*), 24, 100944.
- 11. Huda, N.U., Ahmed, I., Adnan, M., Ali, M., Naeem, F. (2024). Experts and intelligent systems for smart homes' Transformation to Sustainable Smart Cities: A comprehensive review. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 238, 122380.
- 12. Hussain, S., Azim, M.I., Lai, C., Eicker, U. (2023). New coordination framework for smart home peer-to-peer trading to reduce impact on distribution transformer. *Energy*, *284*, 129297.
- Hussain, S., Imran Azim, M., Lai, C., Eicker, U. (2023). Multi-stage optimization for energy management and trading for smart homes considering operational constraints of a distribution network. *Energy and Buildings*, 301, 113722.
- 14. Jonek-Kowalska, I., Wolniak, R. (2021). Economic opportunities for creating smart cities in Poland. Does wealth matter? *Cities*, *114*, 1-6.
- 15. Jonek-Kowalska, I., Wolniak, R. (2022). Sharing economies' initiatives in municipal authorities' perspective: research evidence from Poland in the context of smart cities' development. *Sustainability*, *14*(*4*), 1-23.
- Olabode, S., Owens, R., Zhang, V.N., Shi, L., Chambers, D. (2023). Complex online harms and the smart home: A scoping review. *Future Generation Computer Systems*, 149, 664– 678.
- 17. Patheja, P.S., Kalra, Y., Tyagi, A. Patheja, P.S., Kalra, Y., Tyagi, A. (2023). *Intelligent Sensor Node-Based Systems: Applications in Engineering and Science*, 155–175.
- Raff, S., Rose, S., Huynh, T. (2024). Perceived creepiness in response to smart home assistants: A multi-method study. *International Journal of Information Management*, 74, 102720.
- Ramanujam, E., Kalimuthu, S., Harshavardhan, B.V., Perumal, T. (2024). Improvement in Multi-resident Activity Recognition System in a Smart Home Using Activity Clustering. *IFIP Advances in Information and Communication Technology*, 683, AICT, 316–334.
- 20. Rohde, F., von Andrian, N., Lange, S. (2023). Threat, fixable or opportunity? Contested smart home futures in the German social media debate. *Energy Research and Social Science*, *106*, 103306.
- Sobhani, A., Khorshidi, F., Fakhredanesh, M. (2023). DeePLS: Personalize Lighting in Smart Home by Human Detection, Recognition, and Tracking. *SN Computer Science*, 4(6), 773.
- 22. Tong, Z., Mansouri, S.A., Huang, S., Rezaee Jordehi, A., Tostado-Véliz, M. (2023). The role of smart communities integrated with renewable energy resources, smart homes

and electric vehicles in providing ancillary services: A tri-stage optimization mechanism. *Applied Energy*, *351*, 121897.

- 23. Valencia-Arias, A., Cardona-Acevedo, S., Gómez-Molina, S., Gonzalez-Ruiz, J.D., Valencia, J. (2023). Smart home adoption factors: A systematic literature review and research agenda, *PLoS ONE*, *18(10 October)*, e0292558.
- 24. Wu, D., Feng, W., Li, T., Yang, Z. (2023). Evaluating the intelligence capability of smart homes: A conceptual modeling approach. *Data and Knowledge Engineering*, *148*, 102218.